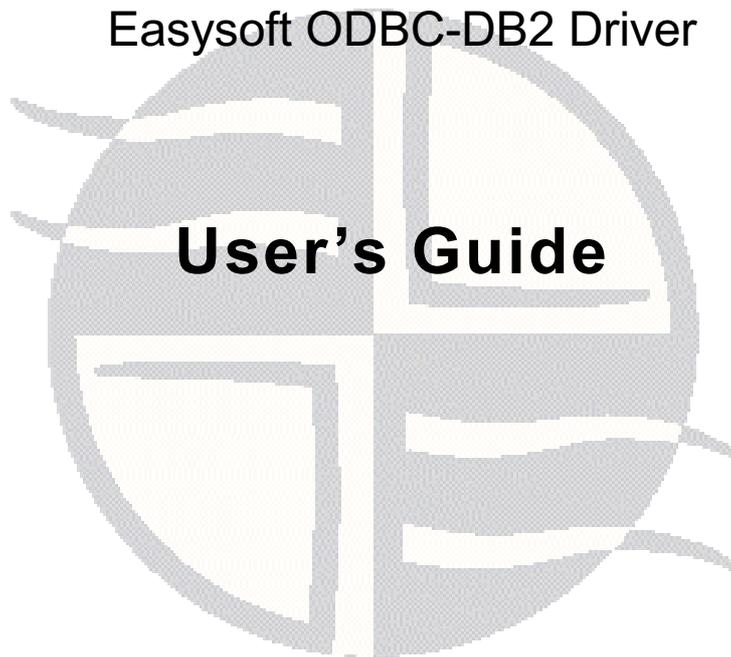


# Easysoft Data Access

Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver



**User's Guide**

This manual documents version 0.x.n of the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

Publisher: Easysoft Limited

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## **LIST OF FIGURES**

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

# PREFACE

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## About this manual

This manual is intended for use by anyone who wants to install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver, configure it, and then access DB2 data sources from an ODBC-enabled application.

---

### Chapter Guide

- **Intended Audience**
- **Notational Conventions**
- **Typographical Conventions**
- **Contents**
- **Trademarks**



## **PREFACE**

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

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### **Intended Audience**

The Unix-based sections require experience of using Unix shell commands. You need to be able to do basic tasks such as editing text files. More complex tasks are described in detail, but it helps to understand how your system handles dynamic linking of shared objects.

---

### **Displaying the Manual**

This manual is available in the following formats:

- Portable Document Format (PDF), which can be displayed and printed by using the Adobe Reader, available free from Adobe at <http://www.adobe.com>.
- HTML.

---

## Notational Conventions

A *note box* provides additional information that may further your understanding of a particular topic in this manual:

**Note** Note boxes often highlight information that you may need to be aware of when using a particular feature.

A *platform note* provides platform-specific information for a particular procedural step:

### Linux

On Linux, you must log on as the `root` user to make many important changes.

A *caution box* provides important information that you should check and understand, prior to starting a particular procedure or reading a particular section of this manual:

### Caution!

Be sure to pay attention to these paragraphs because Caution boxes are important!



## PREFACE

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

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### Typographical Conventions

This manual uses the following typographical conventions:

- User interface components such as icon names, menu names, buttons and selections are displayed in **bold**, for example:

Click **Next** to continue.

- Commands to be typed are displayed in a `monospace` font, for example:

At the command prompt, type `admin`.

- File listings and system names (such as file names, directories and database fields) are displayed in a `monospace` font.

---

## **Contents**

- **Introduction**  
Introduces the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.
- **Installation**  
Explains how to install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.
- **Configuration**  
Explains how to configure the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.
- Appendices  
**Technical Reference** and **Glossary**.



## PREFACE

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

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### Trademarks

Throughout this manual, *Windows* refers generically to Microsoft Windows 95, 98, 2000, NT, XP, ME, 2003 Server, Vista or 2008 server, which are trademarks of the Microsoft Corporation. The X Window system is specifically excluded from this and is referred to as *The X Window System* or just *X*.

DB2 is a registered trademark of International Business Machines Corporation in the United States or other countries or both.

Note also that although the name UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group, the term has come to encompass a whole range of UNIX-like operating systems, including the free, public Linux and even the proprietary Solaris. Easysoft use Unix (note the case) as a general term covering the wide range of Open and proprietary operating systems commonly understood to be Unix 'flavors'.

Mac OS is a trademark of Apple Computer, Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries.

Easysoft and Easysoft Data Access are trademarks of Easysoft Limited.

# CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

---

## Introducing the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver is an ODBC 3.52 driver for DB2. It lets ODBC-enabled applications access DB2 databases from Linux and Unix platforms.

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### Chapter Guide

- [Overview](#)
- [Product Status](#)
- [Deployment](#)



## INTRODUCTION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

---

### Overview

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver connects ODBC-enabled applications on Linux and Unix to DB2 databases. For example, access DB2 databases from Apache, ApplixWare, Informatica, Apache OpenOffice, LibreOffice, OpenOffice.org and StarOffice. In addition, the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver supports the Perl DBI and DBD::ODBC modules, PHP, PEAR DB, the Python pyodbc and mxODBC interfaces, C and any other ODBC-enabled programming language or interface.

---

### Product Status

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver is currently available on Unix and Linux platforms. The most up to date list of Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver platforms is available at:

[http://www.easysoft.com/products/data\\_access/odbc-db2-driver/index.html](http://www.easysoft.com/products/data_access/odbc-db2-driver/index.html)

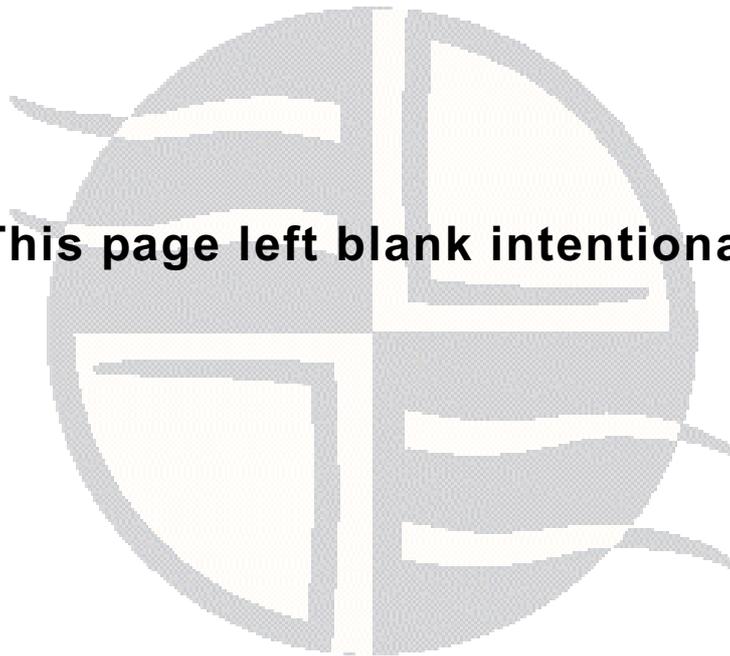
Software problems can be reported to [support@easysoft.com](mailto:support@easysoft.com) by users who have either purchased support or registered at the Easysoft web site at <http://www.easysoft.com> and are evaluating Easysoft products.

---

**Deployment**

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver uses the Distributed Relational Database Architecture (DRDA) data transfer protocol to communicate with DB2. No additional software needs to be installed on the client machine or the DB2 machine.

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# CHAPTER 2 INSTALLATION

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## Installing the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver

This chapter explains how to install, license and remove the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

The installation instructions assume you are, or are able to consult with, a system administrator.

---

### Chapter Guide

- **Obtaining the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver**
- **What to Install**
- **Installing the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver**
- **Uninstalling the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver**

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

---

### Obtaining the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver

There are three ways to obtain the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver:

- The Easysoft web site is available 24 hours a day at <http://www.easysoft.com> and lets you download product releases and documentation.

Choose **Download** from the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver section of the web site and then choose the platform release that you require.

If you have not already done so, you will need to register at the web site to download Easysoft software.

- The Easysoft FTP site is available 24 hours a day at <ftp://ftp.easysoft.com> and lets you download free patches, upgrades, documentation and beta releases of Easysoft products, as well as definitive releases.

Change to the `pub/db2` subdirectory and then choose the platform release that you require.

- You can order Easysoft software on CD. To do this, **contact us** by email, telephone or post.

---

## What to Install

The name of the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver distribution file varies from platform to platform. The file name format is:

- `odbc-db2-x.y.z-platform.tar`

where *x* is the major version number, *y* is the minor version number and *z* is the build index, which is incremented when minor changes are made.

*platform* depends on the operating system distribution you require. File names may have this format:

**Note** Select the highest release available for your platform within your licensed major version number (installing software with a different major version number requires a new Easysoft license).

## Caution!

As long as you stop all Easysoft software first (or software that uses the Easysoft drivers), it is safe to reinstall or upgrade the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver without uninstalling.

If you do uninstall, you should first back up any configuration data that you still need, as uninstalling some Easysoft products will result in this information being deleted (license details remain in place).



## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

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### Installing the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver

These instructions show how to install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver on Unix platforms. Please read this section carefully **before** installing the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

#### BEFORE YOU INSTALL

##### *Requirements*

To install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver on Unix you need:

- The Bourne shell in `/bin/sh`. If your Bourne shell is not located there, you may need to edit the first line of the installation script.
- Various commonly used Unix commands such as:

`grep, awk, test, cut, ps, sed, cat, wc, uname, tr, find, echo, sum, head, tee, id`

If you do not have any of these commands, they can usually be obtained from the [Free Software Foundation](#). As the `tee` command does not work correctly on some systems, the distribution includes a `tee` replacement.

- For Easysoft Licensing to work, you must do one of the following:
  - Install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver in `/usr/local/easysoft`.
  - Install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver elsewhere and symbolically link `/usr/local/easysoft` to wherever you chose to install the software.

The installation will do this automatically for you so long as you run the installation as someone with permission to create `/usr/local/easysoft`.

- Install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver elsewhere and set the `EASYSOFT_ROOT` environment variable.

For more information about setting the `EASYSOFT_ROOT` environment variable, see **"Post installation" on page 36**.

- An ODBC Driver Manager. Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver distributions include the unixODBC Driver Manager.

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

- You do not have to be the `root` user to install, but you will need permission to create a directory in the chosen installation path. Also, if you are not the `root` user, it may not be possible for the installation to:

1. Register the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver with `unixODBC`.
2. Create the example data source in the `SYSTEM` `odbc.ini` file.
3. Update the dynamic linker entries (some platforms only).

If you are not `root`, these tasks will have to be done manually later.

Easysoft recommend you install all components as the `root` user.

### ***What you can Install***

This distribution contains:

- The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.
- The `unixODBC` Driver Manager.

You will need an ODBC Driver Manager to use the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver from your applications. The distribution therefore contains the **unixODBC Driver Manager**. Most (if not all) Unix applications and interfaces support the `unixODBC` Driver Manager. For example, Perl `DBD::ODBC`, PHP, Python and so on.

You do not have to install the unixODBC Driver Manager included with this distribution. You can use an existing copy of unixODBC. For example, a version of unixODBC installed by another Easysoft product, a version obtained from your operating system vendor or one that you built yourself. However, as Easysoft ensure that the unixODBC distributed with the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver has been tested with that driver, we recommend you use it.

If you choose to use an existing unixODBC Driver Manager, the installation script will attempt to locate it. The installation script looks for the Driver Manager in the standard places. If you have installed it in a non-standard location, the installation script will prompt you for the location. The installation primarily needs unixODBC's `odbcinst` command to install drivers and data sources.

### ***Where to Install***

This installation needs a location for the installed files. The default location is `/usr/local`.

At the start of the installation, you will be prompted for an installation path. All files are installed in a subdirectory of your specified path called `easysoft`. For example, if you accept the default location `/usr/local`, the product will be installed in `/usr/local/easysoft` and below.

If you choose a different installation path, the installation script will try to symbolically link `/usr/local/easysoft` to the `easysoft` subdirectory in your chosen location. This allows us to distribute binaries with built in dynamic linker run paths. If you are not `root` or the path `/usr/local/easysoft` already exists and is not a symbolic link, the installation will be unable to create the symbolic link.

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

Note that you cannot license Easysoft products until either of the following is true:

- `/usr/local/easysoft` exists either as a symbolic link to your chosen installation path or as the installation path itself.
- You have set `EASYSOFT_ROOT` to `installation_path/easysoft`.

### ***Changes Made to Your System***

This installation script installs files in subdirectories of the path requested at the start of the installation, Depending on what is installed, a few changes may be made to your system:

1. If you choose to install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver into unixODBC, unixODBC's `odbcinst` command will be run to add an entry to your `odbcinst.ini` file. You can locate this file with `odbcinst -j`. (`odbcinst` is in `installation_path/easysoft/unixODBC/bin`, if you are using the unixODBC included with this distribution.)

The `odbcinst.ini` entry for the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver will look similar to this:

```
[Easysoft ODBC-DB2]
```

```
Description    = Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver
```

```
Driver         = /usr/local/easysoft/db2/lib/libesdb2.so
```

```
Setup         =
```

```
DontDLClose   = 1
```

```
FileUsage     = 1
```

```
UsageCount    = 1
```

For information about removing these entries, see **"Uninstalling the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver" on page 39**.

2. The installation script installs example data sources into unixODBC. The data sources will be added to your SYSTEM `odbc.ini` file. You can locate your SYSTEM `odbc.ini` file by using `odbcinst -j`. The data source for the standard driver will look similar to this:

For information about removing these data sources, see **"Uninstalling the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver" on page 39**.

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

### 3. Dynamic Linker.

On operating systems where the dynamic linker has a file listing locations for shared objects (Linux), the installation script will attempt to add paths under the path you provided at the start of the installation to the end of this list. On Linux, this is usually the file `/etc/ld.so.conf`.

#### ***Reinstalling or Installing When You Already Have Other Easysoft Products Installed***

Each Easysoft distribution contains common files shared between Easysoft products. These shared objects are placed in `installation_path/easysoft/lib`. When you run the installation script, the dates and versions of these files will be compared with the same files in the distribution. The files are only updated if the files being installed are newer or have a later version number.

You should ensure that nothing on your system is using Easysoft software before starting an installation. This is because on some platforms, files in use cannot be replaced. If a file cannot be updated, you will see a warning during the installation. All warnings are written to a file called `warnings` in the directory you unpacked the distribution into.

If the installer detects you are upgrading a product, the installer will suggest you delete the product directory to avoid having problems with files in use. An alternative is to rename the specified directory.

If you are upgrading, you will need a new license from Easysoft to use the new driver.

***Gathering Information Required During the Installation***

During the installation, you will be prompted for various pieces of information. Before installing, you need to find out whether you have unixODBC already installed and where it is installed. The installation script searches standard places like `/usr` and `/usr/local`. However, if you installed the Driver Manager in a non-standard place and you do not install the included unixODBC, you will need to know the location.

**INSTALLATION*****Unpacking the Distribution***

The distribution for Unix platforms is a tar file (`.tar`). To extract the installation files from the tar file, use:

```
tar -xvf odbc-db2-x.y.z-platform.tar
```

This will create a directory with the same name as the tar file (without the `.tar` postfix) containing further archives, checksum files, an installation script and various other installation files.

Change directory into the directory created by unpacking the tar file.

***License to Use***

The End-User License Agreement is contained in the file `license.txt`. Be sure to understand the terms of the agreement before continuing, as you will be required to accept the license terms at the start of the installation.

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

### ***Answering Questions During the Installation***

Throughout the installation, you will be asked to answer some questions. In each case, the default choice will be displayed in square brackets and you need only press Enter to accept the default. If there are alternative responses, these will be shown in round brackets; to choose one of these, type the response and press Enter.

For example:

```
Do you want to continue? (y/n) [n]:
```

The possible answers to this question are `y` or `n`. The default answer when you type nothing and press Enter is `n`.

### ***Running the Installer***

Before you run the installer, make sure you have read **"Installation on page 27"**. If you are considering running the installation as a non `root` user, we suggest you review this carefully as you will have to get a `root` user to manually complete some parts of the installation afterwards. Easysoft recommend installing as the `root` user. (If you are concerned about the changes that will be made to your system, see **"Changes Made to Your System" on page 24.**)

To start the installation, run:

```
./install
```

You will need to:

- Confirm your acceptance of the license agreement by typing "yes" or "no".

For more information about the license agreement, see "[License to Use](#)" on page 27.

- Supply the location where the software is to be installed. Easysoft recommend accepting the default installation path.

For more information, see "[Where to Install](#)" on page 23.

<p><b>Note</b> If you are upgrading, you will need a new license from Easysoft.</p>
---

### ***Locating or Installing unixODBC***

Easysoft strongly recommend you use the unixODBC Driver Manager because:

- The installation script is designed to work with unixODBC and can automatically add Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver and data sources during the installation.
- Most ODBC-enabled applications and interfaces support unixODBC. The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver and any data sources that you add during the installation will be automatically available to your applications and interfaces therefore.
- The unixODBC project is currently led by Easysoft developer Nick Gorham. This means that there is a great deal of experience at Easysoft of unixODBC in general and of supporting the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver running under unixODBC. It also means that if you find a problem in unixODBC, it is much easier for us to facilitate a fix.

The installation starts by searching for unixODBC. There are two possible outcomes here:

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

1. If the installation script finds unixODBC, the following message will be output:

```
Found unixODBC under /unixODBC_path
and it is version n.n.n
```

2. If the installation script cannot find unixODBC in the standard places, you will be asked whether you have it installed.

If unixODBC is installed, you need to provide the unixODBC installation path. Usually, the path required is the directory above where `odbcinst` is installed. For example, if `odbcinst` is in `/opt/unixODBC/bin/odbcinst`, the required path is `/opt/unixODBC`.

If unixODBC is not installed, you should install the unixODBC included with this distribution.

If you already have unixODBC installed, you do not have to install the unixODBC included with the distribution, but you might consider doing so if your version is older than the one included.

The unixODBC in the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver distribution is not built with the default options in unixODBC's configure line.

Option	Description
<code>--prefix=/etc</code>	This means the default SYSTEM <code>odbc.ini</code> file where SYSTEM data sources are located will be <code>/etc/odbc.ini</code> .
<code>--enable-drivers=no</code>	This means other ODBC drivers that come with unixODBC are not installed.

Option	Description
--enable-iconv=no	This means unixODBC will not look for a libiconv. Warnings about not finding an iconv library were confusing our customers.
--enable-stats=no	Disables unixODBC statistics, which use system semaphores to keep track of used handles. Many systems do not have sufficient semaphore resources to keep track of used handles. In addition, the statistics are only available in the GUI ODBC Administrator.
--enable-readline=no	This disables readline support in <code>isql</code> . We disabled this because it ties <code>isql</code> to the version of <code>libreadline</code> on the system we build on. We build on as old a version of the operating system as we can for forward compatibility. Many newer Linux systems no longer include the older readline libraries and so enabling readline support makes <code>isql</code> unusable on these systems.
--prefix=/usr/local/easysoft/unixODBC	This installs unixODBC into <code>/usr/local/easysoft/unixODBC</code> .

**Figure 1: Easysoft unixODBC configure line options.**

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

### ***Installing the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver***

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver installation script:

- Installs the driver.
- Registers the driver with the unixODBC Driver Manager.

If the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver is already registered with unixODBC, a warning will be displayed that lists the drivers unixODBC knows about. If you are installing the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver into a different directory than it was installed before, you will need to edit your `odbcinst.ini` file after the installation and correct the Driver and Setup paths. unixODBC's `odbcinst` will not update these paths if a driver is already registered.

- Creates an example Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver data source.

If unixODBC is installed and you registered the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver with unixODBC, an example data source will be added to your `odbc.ini` file.

If a data source called "DB2\_SAMPLE", the existing data source will be displayed and you have the option to replace it.

### ***Licensing***

The `installation_path/easysoft/license/licshell` program lets you obtain or list licenses.

Licenses are stored in the `installation_path/easysoft/license/licenses` file. After obtaining a license, you should make a backup copy of this file.

The installation script asks you if you want to request an Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver license:

Would you like to request a Easysoft ODBC-DB2  
Driver license now (y/n) [y] :

You do not need to obtain a license during the installation, you can  
run `licshell` after the installation to obtain or view licenses.

If you answer yes, the installation runs the `licshell` script. The  
process of obtaining a license is best described in the [Licensing  
Guide](#).

To obtain a license automatically, you will need to be connected to  
the Internet and allow outgoing connections to  
`license.easysoft.com` on port 8884. If you are not connected to  
the Internet or do not allow outgoing connections on port 8884, the  
License Client can create a license request file that you can mail or  
fax to Easysoft. You can also supply the details to us by telephone.

Start the License Client. The following menu is displayed:

```
[0] exit  
[1] view existing license  
[n] obtain a license for the desired product.
```

To obtain a license, select one of the options from [2] onwards for  
the product you are installing. The License Client will then run a  
program that generates a key that is used to identify the product and  
operating system (we need this key to license you).

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

After you have chosen the product to license (Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver), you need to supply:

- Your full name.
- Your company name.
- An email contact address. This **must** be the email address that you used when you registered on the Easysoft web site.
- Your telephone number (you need to specify this if you telephone us to request a license).
- Your fax number (you need to specify this if you fax the license request to us).
- A reference number. When applying for a trial license, just press Enter when prompted for a reference number. This field is used to enter a reference number that we will supply you for full (paid) licenses.

You will then be asked to specify how you want to obtain the license. The choices are:

[1] Automatically by contacting the Easysoft License Daemon

This requires a connection to the Internet and the ability to support an outgoing TCP/IP connection to `license.easysoft.com` on port 8884.

[2] Write information to file so you can fax, telephone it

The license request is output to `license_request.txt`.

[3] Cancel this operation

If you choose to obtain the license automatically, the License Client will start a TCP/IP connection to `license.easysoft.com` on port 8884 and send the details you supplied and your machine number. No other data is sent. The data sent is transmitted as plain text, so if you want to avoid the possibility of this information being intercepted by someone else on the Internet, you should choose [2] and telephone or fax the request to us. The License daemon will return the license key, print it to the screen and make it available to the installation script in the file `licenses.out`.

If you choose option [2], the license request is written to the file `license_request.txt`. You should then exit the License Client by choosing option [0] and complete the installation. After you have mailed, faxed or telephoned the license request to us, we will return a license key. Add this to the end of the file `installation_path/easysoft/license/licenses`.

If any warnings or errors are output during this process, please mail the output to [support@easysoft.com](mailto:support@easysoft.com) and we will correct the problem.

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

### POST INSTALLATION

#### ***Supplied Documents and Examples***

The last part of the installation runs a post install script that lists the resources available to you.

- The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver documentation is installed in *installation\_path/easysoft/db2/doc*:
  - The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver manual in PDF format.
  - The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver EULA.

*installation\_path/easysoft/db2/doc/CHANGES.txt* lists all the changes in each version of the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

There are also many resources at the [Easysoft web site](#).

### SETTING DYNAMIC LINKER SEARCH PATHS

Your applications will be linked against an ODBC Driver Manager, which will load the ODBC Driver you require. The dynamic linker needs to know where to find the ODBC Driver Manager shared object. The ODBC Driver Manager will load the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver, which is dependent on further common Easysoft shared objects; the dynamic linker needs to locate these too.

On operating systems where the dynamic linker has a file specifying locations for shared objects (Linux, for example), the installation will attempt to add paths under the path you provided at the start of the installation to the end of this list; no further action should be required. For more information, see ["Dynamic Linker." on page 26](#).

On other Unix platforms, there are two methods of telling the dynamic linker where to look for shared objects:

1. You add the search paths to an environment variable and export it. This method always works and overrides the second method, described below.
2. At build time, a run path is inserted into the executable or shared objects. On most System V systems, Easysoft distribute Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver shared objects with an embedded run path. The dynamic linker uses the run path to locate Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver shared object dependencies.

For the first method, the environment variable you need to set depends on the platform (refer to the platform documentation for `ld(1)`, `dlopen` or `ld.so(8)`).

Environment Variable	Platform
LD_LIBRARY_PATH	System V based operating systems and Solaris.
LIBPATH	AIX
SHLIB_PATH	HP-UX
LD_RUN_PATH	Many platforms use this in addition to those listed above.

**Figure 2: Dynamic linker search path environment variables.**

To use the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver, you need to add:

```
installationdir/easysoft/lib
```

where *installationdir* is the directory in which you chose to install the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver. If you accepted the default location, this is `/usr/local`.

## INSTALLATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

An example of setting the environment path in the Bourne shell on Solaris is:

```
LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/usr/local/easysoft/lib
```

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

**Note** The exact command you need to set and export an environment variable depends on your shell.

If you installed the unixODBC Driver Manager included in the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver distribution, you also need to add *installationdir/easysoft/unixODBC/lib* to the dynamic linker search path.

---

## Uninstalling the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver

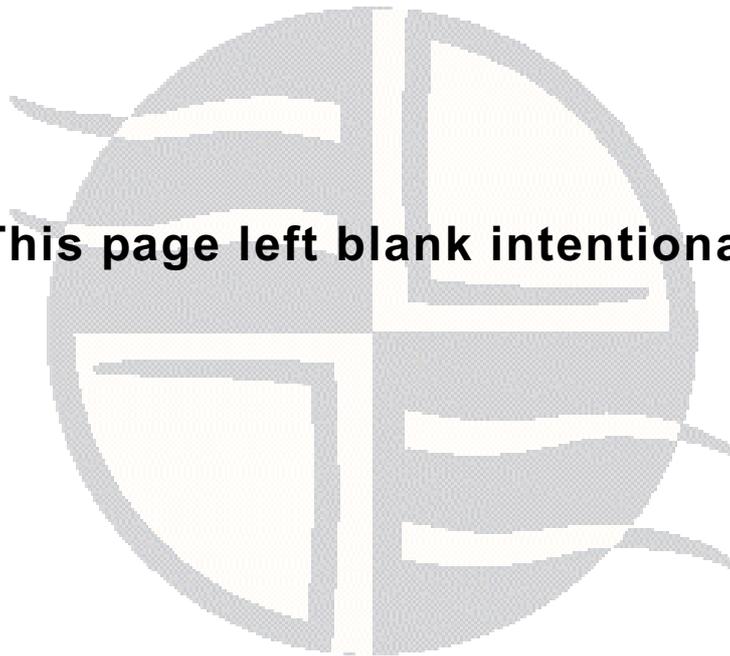
There is no automated way to remove the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver in this release. However, removal is quite simple. To do this, follow these instructions.

### To uninstall the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver

1. Change directory to *installation\_path/easysoft* and delete the *db2* directory. *installation\_path* is the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver installation directory, by default */usr/local*.
2. If you had to add this path to the dynamic linker search paths (for example, */etc/ld.so.conf* on Linux), remove it. You may have to run a linker command such as */sbin/ldconfig* to get the dynamic linker to reread its configuration file. Usually, this step can only be done by the *root* user.
3. If you were using unixODBC, the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver entry needs to be removed from the *odbcinst.ini* file. To check whether the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver is configured under unixODBC, use `odbcinst -q -d`. If the command output contains `[Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver]`, uninstall the drivers from unixODBC by using:

```
odbcinst -u -d -n 'Easysoft ODBC-DB2'
```

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# CHAPTER 3 CONFIGURATION

---

## Configuring the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver is installed on the computer where your applications are running. ODBC applications access ODBC drivers through the ODBC Driver Manager and a data source. The data source tells the Driver Manager which ODBC driver to load, which DB2 server to connect to and how to connect to it. This chapter describes how to create data sources, use DSN-less connections and configure the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

Before setting up a data source, you must have successfully installed the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

For Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver installation instructions, see ["Installation" on page 17](#).

---

### Chapter Guide

- [Configuring the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver](#)
- [Setting Up Data Sources](#)
- [DSN-less Connections](#)



## CONFIGURATION

### *Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

---

#### **Configuring the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver**

This section describes how to configure the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver to connect to a DB2 database by using a data source or a DSN-less connection string. The section assumes you are, or are able to consult with, a database administrator.

---

## Setting Up Data Sources

There are two ways to set up a data source to your DB2 data:

- Create a SYSTEM data source, which is available to anyone who logs on to this Unix machine.

– OR –

- Create a USER data source, which is only available to the user who is currently logged on to this Unix machine.

By default, the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver installation creates a SYSTEM data source named [DB2\_SAMPLE]. If you are using the unixODBC included in the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver distribution, the SYSTEM `odbc.ini` file is in `/etc`.

If you built unixODBC yourself, or installed it from some other source, SYSTEM data sources are stored in the path specified with the configure option `--sysconfdir=directory`. If `sysconfdir` was not specified when unixODBC was configured and built, it defaults to `/usr/local/etc`.

If you accepted the default choices when installing the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver, USER data sources must be created and edited in `$HOME/.odbc.ini`.

### Note

To display the directory where unixODBC stores SYSTEM and USER data sources, type `odbcinst -j`.

By default, you must be logged in as `root` to edit a SYSTEM data source defined in `/etc/odbc.ini`.

You can either edit the sample data source or create new data sources.

## CONFIGURATION

### *Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

Each section of the `odbc.ini` file starts with a data source name in square brackets `[ ]` followed by a number of *attribute=value* pairs.

**Note** Attribute names in `odbc.ini` are not case sensitive.

The `Driver` attribute identifies the ODBC driver in the `odbcinst.ini` file to use for a data source.

When the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver is installed into unixODBC, it places an Easysoft ODBC-DB2 entry in `odbcinst.ini`. For Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver data sources therefore, you need to include a `Driver = Easysoft ODBC-DB2` entry.

To configure a DB2 data source, in your `odbc.ini` file, you need to specify:

- The host name or IP address of the machine where the DB2 instance is running (`Server`). To connect to a DB2 instance that is **not** listening on the default port (50000), you also need to specify the port number (`Port`).
- A valid operating system user name (`User`) and password (`Password`).

For example:

```
[DB2]
Driver      = Easysoft ODBC-DB2
Server      = my_db2_hostname
Database    = sample
User        = my_os_user
Password    = my_os_password
```

---

## Attribute Fields

The following Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver attributes may be set in the `odbc.ini` file:

Attribute	Description
<code>Driver = value</code>	The name of the ODBC driver to use with this data source. Set this attribute value to <code>Easysoft ODBC-DB2</code> .
<code>Description = value</code>	A single line of descriptive text that may be retrieved by some applications to describe the data source.
<code>Server = value</code>	The host name or IP address of the machine on which the DB2 instance is running.
<code>Port = num</code>	The TCP port that the DB2 instance is listening on. If you are connecting to a default instance that is listening on port 50000, the <code>Port</code> setting can be omitted.
<code>User = value</code>	<p>The operating system user name to use when connecting to DB2. You must specify a name of a user who has access to the machine on which DB2 is running. Use this format:</p> <p><i>domain\username</i></p> <p>where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>domain</i> is the name of the Windows domain that the DB2 machine is in or one that the DB2 machine trusts.</li> <li>• <i>username</i> is the user name of a user who belongs to this domain.</li> </ul> <p>To specify the user name in the connection string, use <code>UID</code> rather than <code>User</code>. For more information about specifying Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver attributes in the connection string, see <b>"DSN-less Connections" on page 49</b>.</p>

## CONFIGURATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

Attribute	Description
Password = <i>value</i>	The password for the user name specified by <code>User</code> . To specify the password in the connection string, use <code>PWD</code> rather than <code>Password</code> .
Database = <i>value</i>	The database to to connect to. For example, to connect to the DB2 SAMPLE database set the <code>Database</code> attribute value to <code>SAMPLE</code> .

**Figure 3: Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver data source settings.**

**ENVIRONMENT**

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver must be able to find the following shared objects, which are installed during the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver installation:

- `libodbcinst.so`

By default, this is located in

`/usr/local/easysoft/unixODBC/lib.`

- `libeslicshr_r.so`

By default, this is located in `/usr/local/easysoft/lib.`

- `libessupp_r.so`

By default, this is located in `/usr/local/easysoft/lib.`

You may need to set and export `LD_LIBRARY_PATH`, `SHLIB_PATH` or `LIBPATH` (depending on your operating system and run-time linker) to include the directories where `libodbcinst.so`, `libeslicshr.so` and `libessupp.so` are located.

<b>Note</b> The shared object file extension ( <code>.so</code> ) may vary depending on the operating system ( <code>.so</code> , <code>.a</code> or <code>.sl</code> ).
--

## CONFIGURATION

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

### ESTABLISHING A TEST CONNECTION

The `isql` query tool lets you test your Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver data sources.

#### To test the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver connection

1. Change directory into `/usr/local/easysoft/unixODBC/bin`.
2. Type `./isql.sh -v data_source`, where `data_source` is the name of the target data source.
3. At the prompt, type an SQL query. For example:

```
SQL> select * from mytable;
```

– OR –

Type `help` to return a list of tables:

```
SQL> help
```

---

## DSN-less Connections

In addition to using a data source, you can also connect to a database by using a DSN-less connection string of the form:

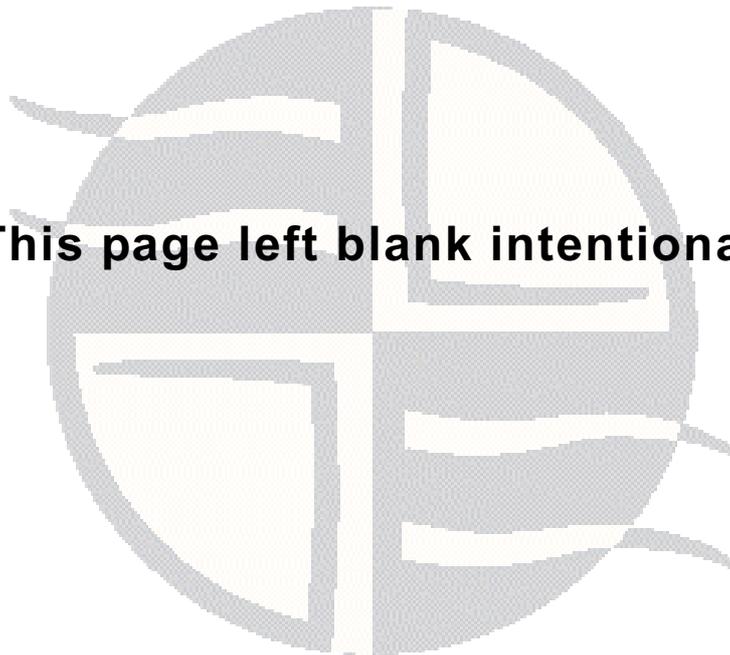
```
SQLDriverConnect (... "DRIVER={Easysoft ODBC-DB2};  
                    Server=server;UID=user;PWD=password;  
                    Database=database;"...)
```

where *server* is the host name or IP address of the machine on which the DB2 instance is running, *user* and *password* are a valid operating system user name and password and *database is the DB2* database you want to connect to. You need to use the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 DRIVER keyword to identify the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

Other Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver attribute settings, as described in **"Setting Up Data Sources" on page 43**, can be added to the connection string using the same `PARAMETER=value;` format. For example, the following connection string connects to a DB2 instance that is listening on a non-standard port:

```
"DRIVER={Easysoft ODBC-  
DB2};Server=myhost;UID=myuser;PWD=myspassword;Database=SAMPLE;Port=50001"
```

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# APPENDIX A TECHNICAL REFERENCE

---

## Technical Reference for the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver

This section contains extra information relating to the deployment of the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

---

### Appendix Guide

- [ODBC Conformance](#)
- [Tracing](#)



## **TECHNICAL REFERENCE**

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

---

### **ODBC Conformance**

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver complies with the ODBC 3.52 specification.

The Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver is Level 2 compliant.

### **ODBC API SUPPORT**

All ODBC 3.52 calls are supported.

---

## Tracing

The ODBC calls an application makes can be traced:

- Within the Driver Manager by an application.
- From within the Driver Manager.
- From within the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver.

### WITHIN THE DRIVER MANAGER BY AN APPLICATION

An application can turn tracing on in the Driver Manager by using the ODBC API `SQLSetConnectAttr (... ,SQL_ATTR_TRACE,...)`.

The trace file name may also be specified with the `SQLSetConnectAttr` attribute `SQL_ATTR_TRACEFILE`.

### FROM WITHIN THE DRIVER MANAGER

For the unixODBC Driver Manager, add two attributes to the [ODBC] section (create one if none exists) in `odbcinst.ini`.

```
Trace = Yes
```

```
TraceFile = logfile
```

For example:

```
[ODBC]
```

```
Trace = Yes
```

```
TraceFile = /tmp/unixodbc.log
```

Ensure that the user who is running the application to be traced has write permission to the log file (and to the directory containing it), or no tracing information will be produced.

## TECHNICAL REFERENCE

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

### FROM WITHIN THE EASYSOFT ODBC-DB2 DRIVER

Driver manager trace files show all the ODBC calls applications make, their arguments and return values. Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver driver tracing is specific to the Easysoft driver and is of most use when making a support call.

To enable Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver logging, add a `LOGFILE` and a `LOGGING` attribute to the relevant DSN section of the `odbc.ini` file.

For example:

```
[DB2_SAMPLE]
.
.
.
LOGFILE = /tmp/db2-driver.log
LOGGING = Yes
```

The `LOGFILE` value is the path and file name of the log file. The value shown in the example specifies a log file named `/tmp/db2.log`. The `LOGGING` value specifies the actions to log. The value shown in the example specifies that all actions should be logged.

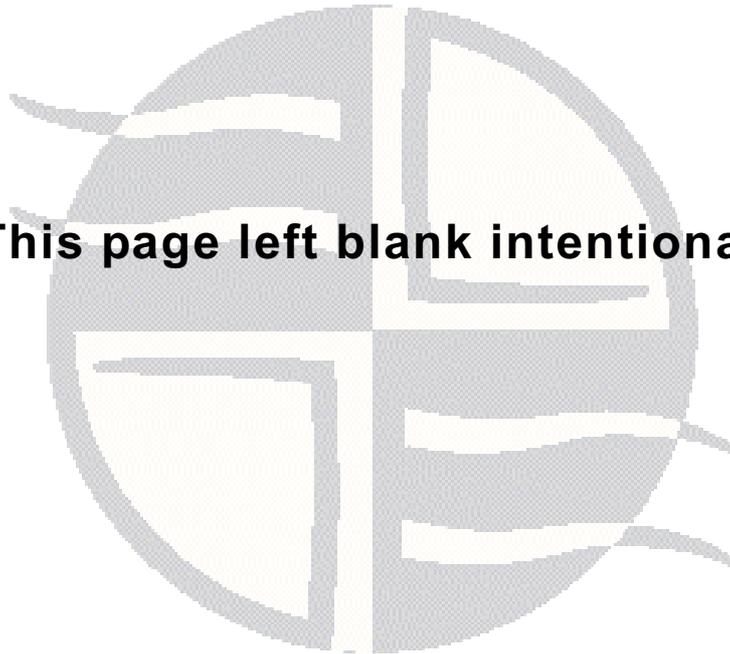
Ensure that the user who is running the application to be traced has write permission to the log file (and to the directory containing it).

By default, the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver appends log information to the file specified by `LOGFILE`. If you want the driver to generate a new log file for each ODBC session, enable logging on a per process basis. To do this, change the `LOGGING` entry to:

```
LOGGING = Process
```

When you set `LOGGING` to `Process`, the Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver creates separate log files that only contain trace output related to a particular driver process. The log file name contains the ID of the driver process (and TDS process) that the log output is associated with. For example, `/tmp/db2-driver.log.0000266F.B7D766C0`.

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# APPENDIX B GLOSSARY

---

## Terms and definitions

### **Application Programmer Interface (API)**

A published set of function calls and constants allowing different programmers to utilize a ready-written library of subroutines.

### **Authorization code**

You must have an authorization code for the Easysoft product you wish to license in order to obtain a purchased license. When you purchase a product your authorization code is emailed to you. You do not need an authorization code to obtain a trial license.

### **Batch**

A set of SQL statements submitted together and run as a group. A script is often a series of batches submitted one after the other.

### **Column**

The vertical component of a database table. A column has a name and a particular data type (for example, character, decimal, or integer).

### **Commit**

To end a unit of work by releasing locks so that the database changes made by that unit of work can be perceived by other processes. This operation makes the data changes permanent.

### **Cursor**

An entity that maps over a result set and establishes a position on a single row within the result set. After the cursor is positioned on a row, operations can be performed on that row, or on a block of rows starting at that position. The most common operation is to fetch (retrieve) the current row or block of rows.

### **Data Definition Language**

The subset of SQL statements that define all attributes and properties of a database and its objects. DDL statements typically start with CREATE, ALTER, or DROP.

### **Data Manipulation Language**

The subset of SQL statements that is used to retrieve and manipulate data. DML statements typically start with SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, or DELETE.

### **Data source**

A database or other data repository coupled with an ODBC Driver, which has been given a Data Source Name (see ["DSN" on page 59](#)) to identify it to the ODBC Driver Manager.

### **Data type**

An attribute that specifies what type of information can be stored in a column, parameter, or variable.

## **DBMS**

Database Management System -- software that handles access to a database.

## **Distributed query**

A single query that accesses data from multiple data sources.

## **Distributed Relational Database Architecture (DRDA)**

The architecture that defines formats and protocols for providing transparent access to remote data.

## **Driver**

See "[ODBC driver](#)" on page 61.

## **Driver Manager**

Software whose main function is to load ODBC drivers. ODBC applications connect to the Driver Manager and request a data source name (DSN). The Driver Manager loads the driver specified in the DSN's configuration file. On Windows, the ODBC Data Source Administrator is used to set up the Driver Manager.

## **DSN**

Data Source Name. A name associated with an ODBC data source. Driver Managers, such as unixODBC or the Microsoft Windows Driver Manager, use the Data Source Name to cross-reference configuration information and load the required driver.

## **DSN-less connection**

A type of data connection that is created based on information in a data source name (DSN), but is stored as part of a project or application. DSN-less connections are especially useful for Web applications because they let you move the application from one server to another without re-creating the DSN on the new server.



## **GLOSSARY**

*Easysoft ODBC-DB2 Driver*

### **Field**

A placeholder for a single datum in a record, for example you can have a Surname field in a Contact Details record. Fields are sometimes referred to as cells.

### **Host**

A computer visible on the network.

### **Index**

In a relational database, a database object that provides fast access to data in the rows of a table, based on key values. Indexes can also enforce uniqueness on the rows in a table. The primary key of a table is automatically indexed. In full-text search, a full-text index stores information about significant words and their location within a given column.

### **Isolation level**

An attribute that defines the degree to which an application process is isolated from other concurrently executing application processes. Isolation levels generally relate to the behavior of an application with respect to locks.

### **License key**

A string that is provided by Easysoft for use in the licensing process.

### **NULL**

An entry that has no explicitly assigned value. `NULL` is not equivalent to zero or blank. A value of `NULL` is not considered to be greater than, less than, or equivalent to any other value, including another value of `NULL`.

## **ODBC**

Open Database Connectivity -- a programming interface that enables applications to access data in database management systems that use Structured Query Language (SQL) as a data access standard.

## **ODBC driver**

Software that accesses a proprietary data source, providing a standardized view of the data to ODBC.

## **Record**

A group of related fields (columns) of information treated as a unit. A record is more commonly called a row in a relational database.

## **Result set**

A set of row values as returned by, for example, a cursor or procedure.

## **Row**

The horizontal component of a table, consisting of a sequence of values, one for each column of the table.

## **Structured Query Language (SQL)**

A standardised language for defining and manipulating data in a relational database.

**SQL-92**

The version of the SQL standard published in 1992. The international standard is ISO/IEC 9075:1992 Database Language SQL. The American National Standards Institute (ANSI) also published a corresponding standard (Data Language SQL X3.135-1192), so SQL-92 is sometimes referred to as ANSI SQL in the United States.

**Stored procedure**

An application program, possibly containing SQL statements, that is stored on the database server and can be invoked with the SQL CALL statement.

**Table**

A data set in a relational database, composed of rows and columns.

**Transaction**

An atomic series of SQL statements that make up a logical unit of work. All of the data modifications made during a transaction are either committed together as a unit or rolled back as a unit.

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